Desk Number	
Student Number	
Student Name	

School of Science and Engineering MIDTERM EXAMINATION

Term 2, 2024

CSC1001 Introduction to Computer Science

Examination Duration:	120 minutes	
Reading Time:	10 minutes	
This examination has <u>5</u> questi	ons.	
The score distribution of the 5 question is Question 1(40%), Question 2(20%), Question 3(10%), Question 4(15%), Question 5(15%)		

Exam Conditions:

This is a FORMAL Examination

This is a RESTRICTED OPEN BOOK Exam. Maximum of one (1) sheet of handwritten notes double sided are permitted

Materials Permitted In The Exam Venue:

Maximum of one (1) sheet of handwritten notes double sided are permitted. **NO OTHER MATERIALS PERMITTED**

Any calculators without the functionalities of programming and file storage are permitted.

Materials To Be Supplied To Students:

1 × 6 Page Answer Booklet

You must write all your answers in your answer book.

Question 1. (40%)

Please describe what will be printed for each program as below.

	Program	Printed Results
1) 3%	x = (1+8%5)//3 + int("34".replace("3","")) print(x)	5 3 points
2) 3%	s1, s2 = "51+12", str(51+12) print(eval(s1+s2))	1314 3 points
3) 3%	t = [9, 42, "cuhksz", True, 7] print(t[1:3], t[2][1:3])	[42, 'cuhksz'] uh 1 point each
4) 3%	<pre>x = 10 if x==3 or 1: print("csc1001") if x<2: print("smaller than 2") elif x<=10: print("smaller than 10") else: print("others")</pre>	csc 1001 1 point smaller than 10 2 points
5) 3%	<pre>n = 9 factor = 2 while factor <= n: if n%factor == 0: print(factor) n/=factor else: factor+=1</pre>	3 1 point 3 2 points
6) 3%	<pre>def f(a, b): a = 3 b[2] = 3 return a a = 5 b = [3, 4, 5, 6] print(f(a, b), b)</pre>	3 [3,4,3,6] 1 point +2 points

7) 4%	s = "Jerry_20241110_CSC1001.txt"	20241110 1 point
	news = ""	2024 2 points
	flag = False for c in s:	
	<pre>if c=="_" and flag == False: flag = True continue</pre>	
	<pre>if c=='_' and flag == True: break</pre>	
	if flag: news+=c	
	<pre>print(s[6:14]) print(news[:4])</pre>	
8) 4%	for x in [3, 5]:	3 4 1 point each
	for y in [x+1, 6]: print(x, y)	3 6
		5 6
		5 6
9) 3%	s = "From hanxiaoguang@cuhk.edu.cn at Oct. 31st" print(s.split()[1].split(".")[0].split("@")[1])	cuhk
	print(s.spirt()[i].spirt(.)[0].spirt(@)[i])	3 points
10) 4%	d = [] d. append('apple')	['apple', 100, 'banana'] 1 point
	<pre>d. append(100) d. append('banana') print(d) d[2]+=str(d[1])+d[0]</pre>	['apple', 100, 'banana100apple'] 1 point
	<pre>print(d) d[2].replace('a','\$') print(d)</pre>	['apple', 100, 'banana100apple']
		2 points
11) 3%	<pre>c = dict() c['apple'] = 15</pre>	15
	c['banana'] = 30 for k in c:	30
	print(c[k])	4.5
	<pre>c['apple'] = 45 print(c.get('Apple', 4.5))</pre>	1 point each

Question 2. (5*4% = 20%)

Please answer the following short questions.

1) Please provide the Octal and Hexadecimal version of the binary number (11101110.0111).

```
Octal - 356.34; Hex - EE.7 (2 points each)
```

2) Please explain why python is a high-level programming language.

Example answer: High development efficiency, easier to understood by programmers. (give points as appropriate)

3) Please describe the differences between arguments and parameters.

```
Arguments-...; parameters - ... (2 points each)
```

4) Use an example to explain the differences between "break" and "continue".

Break stop the loop; continue stop the iteration (2 points each)

5) Providing two ways to read the text from a file.

for line in fhand; fhand.read() (2 points each)

Question 3. (10%)

Given a list of valid passwords which are stored in **keys** (a list). Each password is in string type. Please write a program to instruct users to input a password until it matches one of the strings in **keys**. If the user enters more than 5 times, you should end the program and print a warning.

```
while True - 2 points

input function - 2 points

Check input in keys - 2 points

Break - 2 points

Check exceeds 5 attempts - 2 points
```

Question 4. (15%)

Please first explain the usage of split() function, and then implement a function "def mySplit(s, a)": s is a string and a is a single character (in string type). Similar to the split() function, the output of the function is a list of sub-strings. (e.g., if s is "apple" and a is 'p', the result is ['a'','le'])

```
Explain usage of split() - 3 points

for loop - 2 points

check == a - 2 points

Accumulate substring - 3 points

append to a new list - 2 points

Consider empty cases - 2 points

return - 1 point
```

Question 5. (15%)

You are given a file (score.txt) which is of many lines. For each line, it consists of one student name and her/his score (e.g., Jerry 95). Please write a program to read them and output the ranked name (in a descending order) into a new file (rank.txt): one name per line.

```
open file – 1 point

read - 2 points

take name and score out - 3 points

form a list of tuple type - 3 points

sort - 3 points

save to file - 3 points
```

END OF EXAMINATION